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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 604, 607, 609, and 862a; Pub. L. 109–171.

SOURCE: 64 FR 17893, Apr. 12, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

§ 263.0 What definitions apply to this part?

- (a) Except as noted in §263.2(d), the general TANF definitions at §260.30 through §260.33 of this chapter apply to this part.
- (b) The term "administrative costs" means costs necessary for the proper administration of the TANF program or separate State programs.
- (1) It excludes direct costs of providing program services.

- (i) For example, it excludes costs of providing diversion benefits and services, providing program information to clients, screening and assessments, development of employability plans, work activities, post-employment services, work supports, and case management. It also excludes costs for contracts devoted entirely to such activities.
- (ii) It excludes the salaries and benefits costs for staff providing program services and the direct administrative costs associated with providing the services, such as the costs for supplies, equipment, travel, postage, utilities, rental of office space and maintenance of office space.
- (2) It includes costs for general administration and coordination of these programs, including contract costs and all indirect (or overhead) costs. Examples of administrative costs include:
- (i) Salaries and benefits of staff performing administrative and coordination functions;
- (ii) Activities related to eligibility determinations;
- (iii) Preparation of program plans, budgets, and schedules;
- (iv) Monitoring of programs and projects;
- (v) Fraud and abuse units;
- (vi) Procurement activities:
- (vii) Public relations:
- (viii) Services related to accounting, litigation, audits, management of property, payroll, and personnel;
- (ix) Costs for the goods and services required for administration of the program such as the costs for supplies, equipment, travel, postage, utilities, and rental of office space and maintenance of office space, provided that such costs are not excluded as a direct administrative cost for providing program services under paragraph (b)(1) of this section;
- (x) Travel costs incurred for official business and not excluded as a direct administrative cost for providing program services under paragraph (b)(1) of this section:
- (xi) Management information systems not related to the tracking and monitoring of TANF requirements (e.g., for a personnel and payroll system for State staff); and

(xii) Preparing reports and other documents.

Subpart A—What Rules Apply to a State's Maintenance of Effort?

§ 263.1 How much State money must a State expend annually to meet the basic MOE requirement?

- (a)(1) The minimum basic MOE for a fiscal year is 80 percent of a State's historic State expenditures.
- (2) However, if a State meets the minimum work participation rate requirements in a fiscal year, as required under §§261.21 and 261.23 of this chapter, after adjustment for any caseload reduction credit under §261.41 of this chapter, then the minimum basic MOE for that fiscal year is 75 percent of the State's historic State expenditures.
- (3) A State that does not meet the minimum participation rate requirements in a fiscal year, as required under §§ 261.21 and 261.23 of this chapter (after adjustment for any caseload reduction credit under § 261.41 of this chapter), but which is granted full or partial penalty relief for that fiscal year, must still meet the minimum basic MOE specified under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.
- (b) The basic MOE level also depends on whether a Tribe or consortium of Tribes residing in a State has received approval to operate its own TANF program. The State's basic MOE level for a fiscal year will be reduced by the same percentage as we reduced the SFAG as the result of any Tribal Family Assistance Grants awarded to Tribal grantees in the State for that year.

§ 263.2 What kinds of State expenditures count toward meeting a State's basic MOE expenditure requirement?

- (a) Expenditures of State funds in TANF or separate State programs may count if they are made for the following types of benefits or services:
- (1) Cash assistance, including the State's share of the assigned child support collection that is distributed to the family, and disregarded in determining eligibility for, and amount of the TANF assistance payment;
 - (2) Child care assistance (see §263.3);

- (3) Education activities designed to increase self-sufficiency, job training, and work (see § 263.4);
- (4) Any other use of funds allowable under section 404(a)(1) of the Act including:
- (i) Nonmedical treatment services for alcohol and drug abuse and some medical treatment services (provided that the State has not commingled its MOE funds with Federal TANF funds to pay for the services), if consistent with the goals at §260.20 of this chapter; and
- (ii) Pro-family healthy marriage and responsible fatherhood activities enumerated in part IV-A of the Act, sections 403(a)(2)(A)(iii) and 403(a)(2)(C)(ii) that are consistent with the goals at \$\$\S 260.20(c) or (d) of this chapter, but do not constitute "assistance" as defined in \$260.31(a) of this chapter; and
- (5)(i) Administrative costs for activities listed in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(4) of this section, not to exceed 15 percent of the total amount of countable expenditures for the fiscal year.
- (ii) Costs for information technology and computerization needed for tracking or monitoring required by or under part IV-A of the Act do not count towards the limit in paragraph (5)(i) of this section, even if they fall within the definition of "administrative costs"
- (A) This exclusion covers the costs for salaries and benefits of staff who develop, maintain, support, or operate the portions of information technology or computer systems used for tracking and monitoring.
- (B) It also covers the costs of contracts for the development, maintenance, support, or operation of those portions of information technology or computer systems used for tracking or monitoring.
- (b) With the exception of paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of this section, the benefits or services listed under paragraph (a) of this section count only if they have been provided to or on behalf of eligible families. An "eligible family" as defined by the State, must:
- (1) Be comprised of citizens or noncitizens who:
- (i) Are eligible for TANF assistance;
- (ii) Would be eligible for TANF assistance, but for the time limit on the